

Single-photon emitters in 2D materials

Rudolf Bratschitsch

Institute of Physics and Center for Nanotechnology, University of Münster, Münster, Germany

Atomically thin materials serve as a promising new material class for optoelectronics. Monolayer semiconductors such as MoS₂ or MoSe₂ exhibit prominent photoluminescence. Recently, we have discovered bright and stable single-photon emitters in single layers of WSe₂ [1], which renders atomically thin semiconductors also interesting for quantum optics and quantum technologies. In my talk, I will show that these quantum light sources can be controlled by mechanical strain and demonstrate deterministic positioning of the emitters on the nanoscale [2]. Furthermore, I will present single-photon emission from GaSe [3], and demonstrate that the photons can be routed in dielectric waveguides on a photonic chip [4]. Finally, I will discuss the nature and prospects of single-photon emitters in the van der Waals insulator hexagonal boron nitride (hBN) by focusing on the role of phonons [5] and how large emitter arrays can be created with commercially available hBN nanocrystals [6].

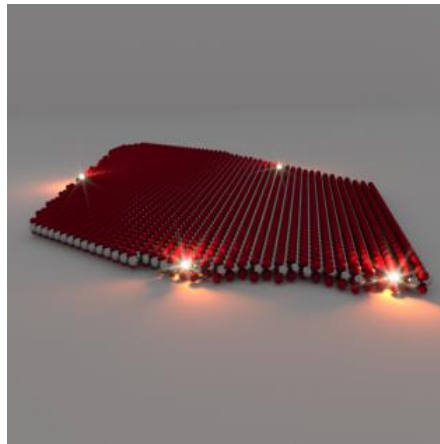


Figure 1: Artistic impression of a WSe₂ monolayer with several single-photon emitters.

References

- [1] P. Tonndorf et al., *Optica* **2**, 347 (2015)
- [2] J. Kern, *Advanced Materials* **28**, 7101 (2016)
- [3] P. Tonndorf et al., *2D Materials* **4**, 021010 (2017)
- [4] P. Tonndorf et al., *Nano Letters* **17**, 5446 (2017)
- [5] D. Wigger et al., *2D Materials* **6**, 035006 (2019)
- [6] J. A. Preuß et al., *2D Materials* **8**, 035005 (2021)