

Joint guest lecture of the Philipps-Universität Marburg and Max-Planck-Institute for Heart & Lung Research

24th of November 2016

BENJAMIN PODBILEWICZ Technion – Israel Institute of Technology

"Neuronal fusion and regeneration during aging"

In developed countries, aging is the single biggest risk factor for ischemic stroke and neurodegenerative disorders. Aging neurons change their morphology and show a decline in regenerative potential. Unlike axons, the fate of dendritic trees during aging has not been studied in detail in any organism. We use the complex dendritic trees of polymodal mechanosensory PVD and FLP neurons of C. elegans as a paradigm to study morphological and functional alterations of dendrites during aging. We found that young larvae and 1-day adults have organized dendritic trees, but 5-day old adults have disorganized and hyperbranched structures. EFF-1 in the PVD simplifies the architecture of dendritic trees independently of the insulin/IGF-1 pathway. While young animals could regenerate their dendritic trees via auto-fusion, there was a progressive age-dependent loss of regenerative potential. We found that AFF-1, a paralog of EFF-1, mediates regeneration of severed dendrites in a cell non-autonomous mechanism. Thus, ectopic expression of EFF-1 and AFF-1 fusion proteins in aging neurons could differentially rejuvenate their dendritic trees: EFF-1 maintained dendrites young-looking, whereas AFF-1 promoted their ability to fuse and reconnect following injury. Our findings could have implications for treatment of stroke, spinal cord and brain injuries.

5:00 pm Fachbereich 17 Großer Hörsaal



Max-Planck-Institut für Herz- und Lungenforschung W.G. Kerckhoff-Institut

